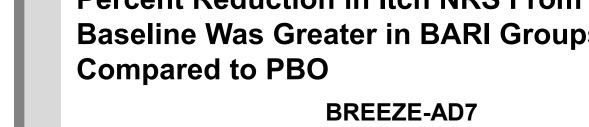
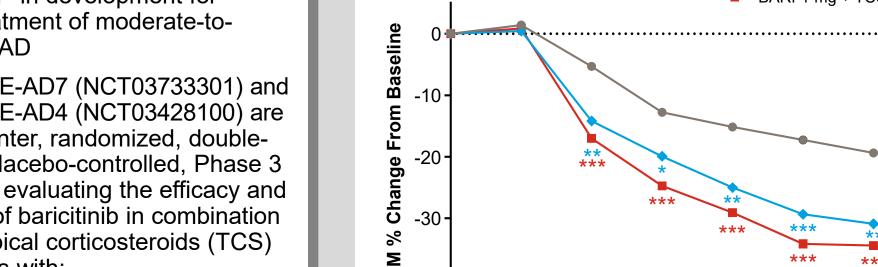
Rapid Reduction of Symptoms Reported in Daily Diaries in Patients With Atopic Dermatitis Treated With Baricitinib Plus Topical Corticosteroids: Results From 2 Phase 3 Trials

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BACKGROUND Itch, sleep disturbance, and skin pain (eg, discomfort or soreness) are highly burdensome symptoms in atopic dermatitis (AD)^{1,2} Baricitinib is an oral, selective Janus kinase (JAK)1/JAK2 inhibitor³ in development for the treatment of moderate-tosevere AD ■ BREEZE-AD7 (NCT03733301) and BREEZE-AD4 (NCT03428100) are multicenter, randomized, doubleblind, placebo-controlled, Phase 3 studies evaluating the efficacy and safety of baricitinib in combination with topical corticosteroids (TCS) in adults with: Moderate-to-severe AD who had an inadequate response to topical therapies (BREEZE-AD7)4 Moderate-to-severe AD who had an inadequate response to topical therapies and either experienced failure, were intolerant to, or had a contraindication to cyclosporine (BREEZE-AD4) **OBJECTIVE** To examine the effect of baricitinib

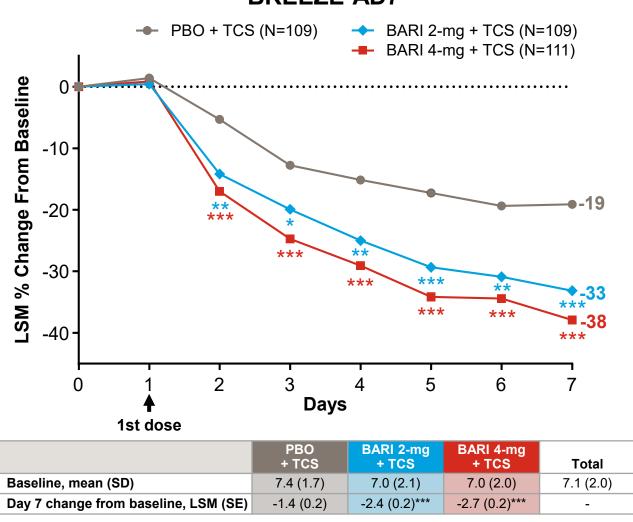




on patient-reported outcomes, including itch, sleep disturbance, and skin pain, in the first week of treatment in adults with moderateto-severe AD in BREEZE-AD7 and BREEZE-AD4

KEY RESULTS

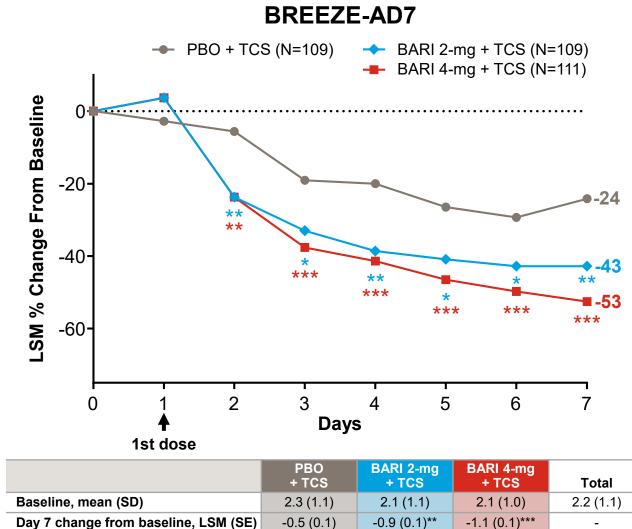
Percent Reduction in Itch NRS From **Baseline Was Greater in BARI Groups**



BREEZE-AD4

→ PBO + TCS (N=93) → BARI 2-mg + TCS (N=185)

Percent Reduction in ADSS Item 1^a From **Baseline Was Greater in BARI Groups** Compared to PBO



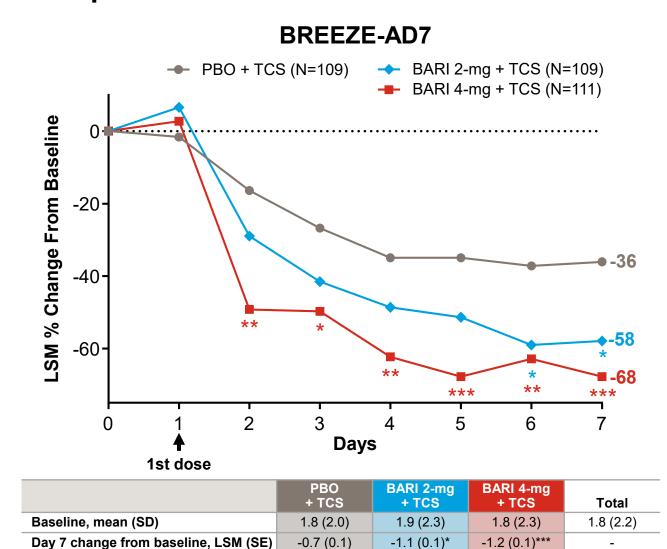
BREEZE-AD4

Day 7 change from baseline, LSM (SE)

→ PBO + TCS (N=93)
→ BARI 2-mg + TCS (N=185)

BARI 1-mg + TCS (N=93) - BARI 4-mg + TCS (N=92)

Percent Reduction in ADSS Item 2^a From **Baseline Was Greater in BARI Groups Compared to PBO**



BREEZE-AD4

BARI 1-mg + TCS (N=93) - BARI 4-mg + TCS (N=92)

-0.8 (0.1) -0.8 (0.1) -0.9 (0.1) -1.2 (0.1)*

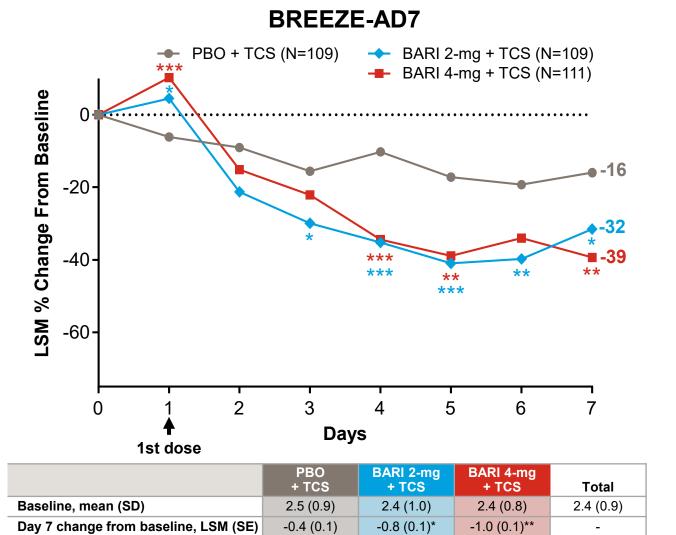
* p≤0.05, ** p≤0.01, *** p≤0.001 vs. PBO; a Number of awakenings due to itch (frequency score 0-29)

→ BARI 2-mg + TCS (N=185)

1.9 (3.1) 2.1 (1.8) 2.0 (2.5)

→ PBO + TCS (N=93)

Percent Reduction in ADSS Item 3^a From **Baseline Was Greater in BARI Groups Compared to PBO**



BREEZE-AD4

BARI 1-mg + TCS (N=93) - BARI 4-mg + TCS (N=92)

→ BARI 2-mg + TCS (N=185)

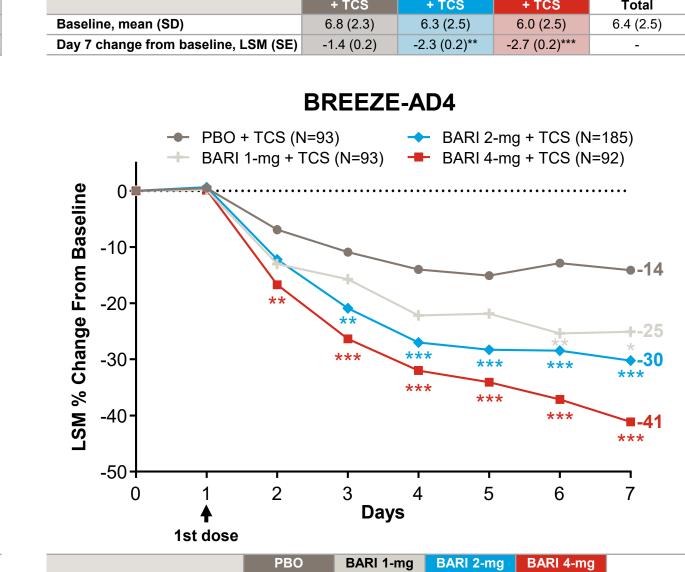
2.4 (0.9) 2.5 (1.0) 2.4 (0.9)

→ PBO + TCS (N=93)

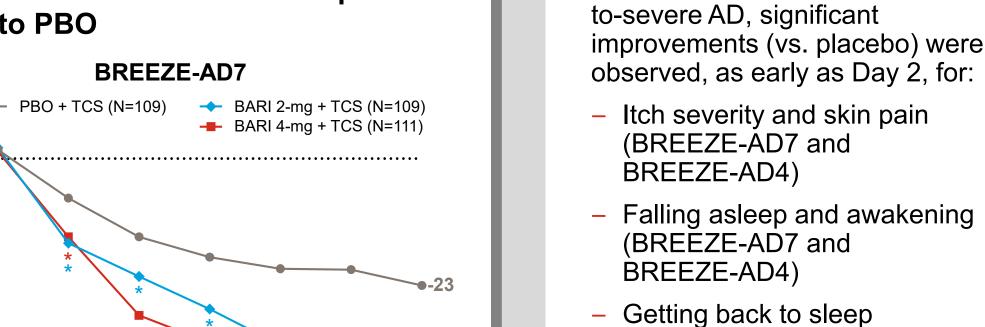
Baseline, mean (SD)

Day 7 change from baseline,

6.8 (2.3) 6.3 (2.5) 6.0 (2.5) 6.4 (2.5) Baseline, mean (SD) -2.3 (0.2)** -2.7 (0.2)*** Day 7 change from baseline, LSM (SE) -1.4 (0.2)



Percent Reduction in Skin Pain NRS From **Baseline Was Greater in BARI Groups** Compared to PBO





Vakharia PP, et al. Ann Allergy Asthma Immunol. 2017:119:548-522. Silverberg JI, et al. J Invest Dermatol. 2015;135:56-66

(BREEZE-AD4)

CONCLUSIONS

In 2 Phase 3 trials of baricitinib plus

TCS for the treatment of moderate-

Fridman JS, et al. *J Immunol*. 2010;184:5298-5307. . Reich K, et al. JAMA Dermatol. 2020;

doi:10.1001/jamadermatol.2020.3260.

ABBREVIATIONS

AD=atopic dermatitis; ADSS=Atopic Dermatitis Sleep Scale, BARI=baricitinib; DLQI=Dermatology Life Quality Index; EASI=Eczema Area and Severity Index; ITT=Intent-to-Treat; LSM=least squares mean: MMRM=mixed-effects model of repeated measures; NRS=numeric rating scale; PBO=placebo; PGI-S-AD=Patient Global Impression of Severity-AD. R=randomization; SD=standard deviation; SE=standard error; TCS=topical corticosteroid; vIGA-AD=validated Investigator Global Assessment for AD: W=Week



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METHODS

N=329

Study Design, BREEZE-AD7

7.1 (1.9) 6.7 (2.3) 6.7 (1.9) 6.7 (2.3) 6.8 (2.1) -0.7 (0.2) -1.4 (0.2)** -1.7 (0.1)*** -2.5 (0.2)***

* p≤0.05, ** p≤0.01, *** p≤0.001 vs. PBO

Key Inclusion Criteria

- ≥18 years old and diagnosis of AD for ≥12 months
- Moderate-to-severe AD at screening and randomization, defined as:
- Validated Investigator Global Assessment for AD (vIGA-AD™) ≥3

Eczema Area and Severity Index

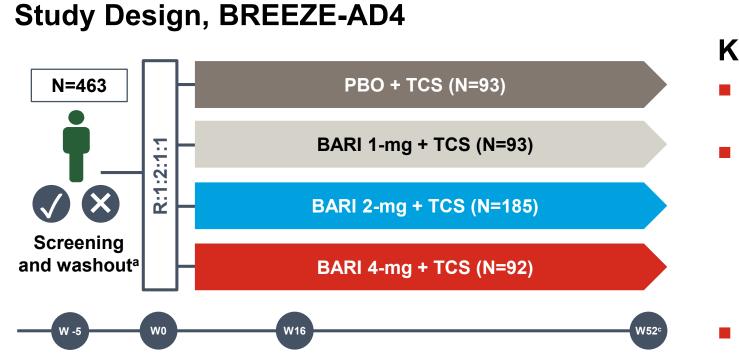
(EASI) ≥16 Body surface area (BSA) ≥10%

^a All patients washed out of AD treatments; ^b Proportion of patients achieving vIGA-AD (0,1) with a ≥2-point improvement; ^c Patients enter into long-term extension study BREEZE-AD3 or a post-treatment follow-up period (4 weeks)

^a All patients washed out of AD treatments; ^b Proportion of patients achieving 75% improvement from baseline in EASI score; ^c Patients completing W52 entered a double-blind,

long-term extension through W104. Patients entering the long-term extension were evaluated for inclusion in a randomized down-titration substudy. Patients completing W104

Primary



will have the possibility to remain in the trial for up to 96 additional weeks

PBO + TCS (N=109)

BARI 2-mg + TCS (N=109)

BARI 4-mg + TCS (N=111)

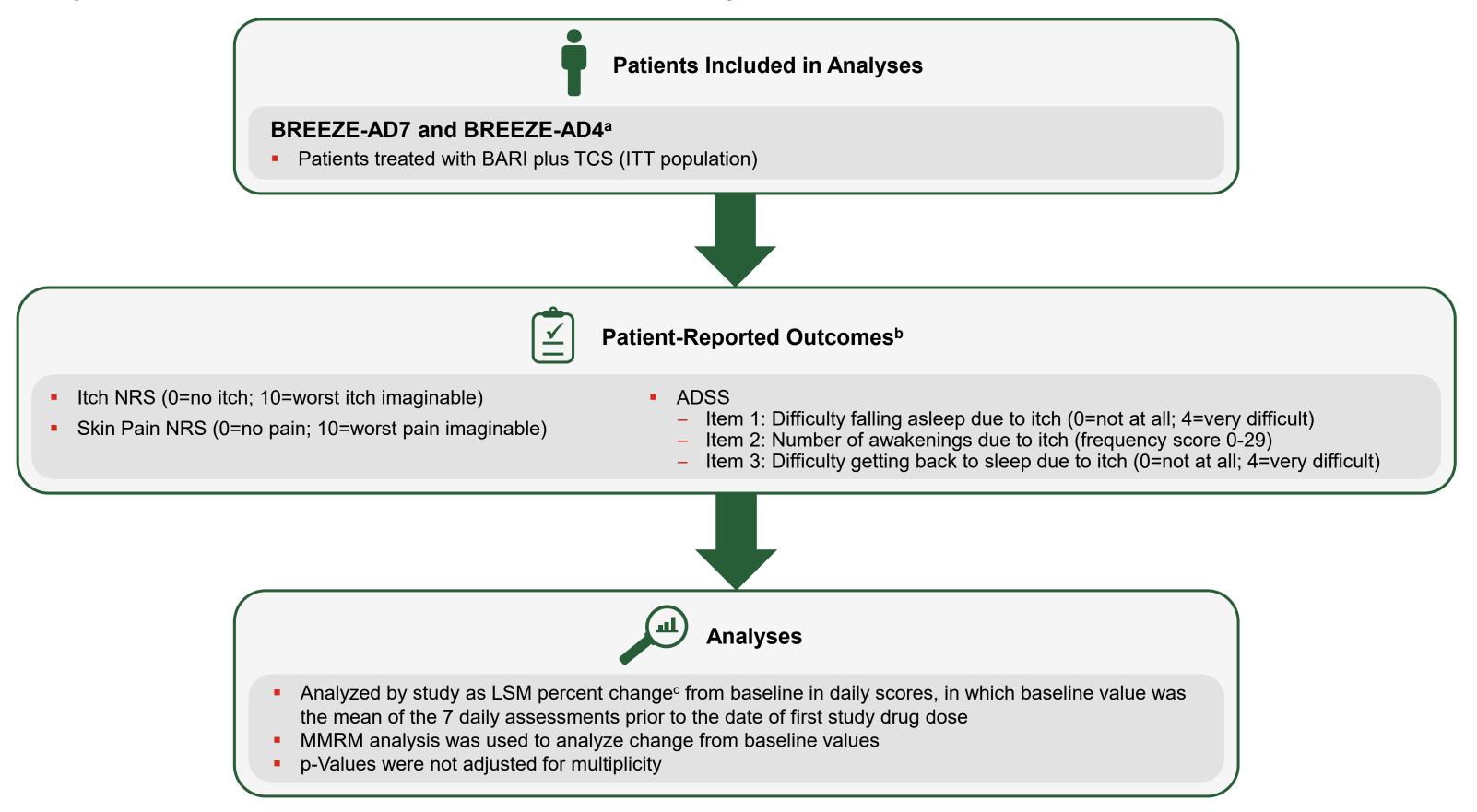
Key Inclusion Criteria

- ≥18 years old and diagnosis of AD for ≥12 months
- Moderate-to-severe AD at screening and randomization, defined as: vIGA-AD ≥3
 - EASI ≥16
- BSA ≥10% History of inadequate response,
- contraindication, or intolerance to cyclosporine

Analysis Populations, Assessment, and Statistical Analysis

2.2 (1.1) 2.0 (1.1) 2.0 (1.2) 2.1 (1.1)

* p≤0.05, ** p≤0.01, *** p≤0.001 vs. PBO; a Difficulty falling asleep due to itch (0=not at all; 4=very



Day 7 change from baseline, LSM (SE)

^a Patients in BREEZE-AD7 had inadequately responded to topical therapies, and patients in BREEZE-AD4 had inadequately responded to topical therapies and either experienced failure, were intolerant to, or had a contraindication to cyclosporine; b An electronic daily diary was used to assess symptoms in the past 24 hours; cLSM percent change from baseline = [LSM change from baseline / overall mean at baseline] × 100

RESULTS

* p≤0.05, ** p≤0.01, *** p≤0.001 vs. PBO; a Difficulty getting back to sleep due to itch (0=not at all;

Baseline Demographics and Disease Characteristics Were Similar Between Groups

Baseline, mean (SD)

Day 7 change from baseline, LSM (SE)

* p≤0.05, ** p≤0.01, *** p≤0.001 vs. PBO

	BREEZE-AD7			BREEZE-AD4			
	PBO + TCS	BARI 2-mg + TCS	BARI 4-mg + TCS	PBO + TCS	BARI 1-mg + TCS	BARI 2-mg + TCS	BARI 4-mg + TCS
	(N=109)	(N=109)	(N=111)	(N=93)	(N=93)	(N=185)	(N=92)
Age, years	33.7 (13.2)	33.8 (12.8)	33.9 (11.4)	38.7 (13.6)	38.9 (14.0)	37.3 (13.6)	38.7 (13.3)
Female, n (%)	38 (34.9)	39 (35.8)	36 (32.4)	44 (47.3)	35 (37.6)	52 (28.1)	35 (38.0)
Race, n (%)							
White	46 (42.2)	50 (45.9)	54 (48.6)	74 (79.6)	70 (75.3)	145 (78.4)	71 (77.2)
Asian	57 (52.3)	57 (52.3)	54 (48.6)	16 (17.2)	19 (20.4)	36 (19.5)	18 (19.6)
vIGA-AD of 4, n (%)	48 (44.4)	50 (45.9)	50 (45.0)	50 (53.8)	47 (50.5)	93 (50.5)	47 (51.1)
EASI	28.5 (12.3)	29.3 (11.9)	30.9 (12.6)	30.9 (11.6)	34.3 (13.5)	30.6 (12.4)	32.7 (13.7)
DLQI	15.0 (7.9)	15.0 (7.7)	14.7 (7.9)	14.5 (6.9)	14.3 (8.3)	13.6 (7.4)	14.0 (8.1)
PGI-S-AD	4.2 (0.8)	3.9 (0.8)	4.0 (0.8)	4.1 (0.7)	4.0 (0.8)	3.9 (0.7)	4.0 (0.9)
Itch NRS	7.4 (1.7)	7.0 (2.1)	7.0 (2.0)	7.1 (1.9)	6.7 (2.3)	6.7 (1.9)	6.7 (2.3)
ADSS							
Item 1	2.3 (1.1)	2.1 (1.1)	2.1 (1.0)	2.2 (1.1)	2.2 (1.1)	2.0 (1.1)	2.0 (1.2)
Item 2	1.8 (2.0)	1.9 (2.3)	1.8 (2.3)	1.6 (1.6)	2.2 (2.7)	1.9 (3.1)	2.1 (1.8)
Item 3	2.5 (0.9)	2.4 (1.0)	2.4 (0.8)	2.4 (1.0)	2.6 (0.9)	2.4 (0.9)	2.5 (1.0)
Skin Pain NRS	6.8 (2.3)	6.3 (2.5)	6.0 (2.5)	6.5 (2.3)	6.3 (2.7)	6.1 (2.4)	6.1 (2.6)

6.3 (2.7) 6.1 (2.4) 6.1 (2.6) 6.2 (2.5)

-0.9 (0.2) -1.6 (0.2)* -1.9 (0.2)*** -2.6 (0.2)***

Data are mean (standard deviation) unless stated otherwise

DISCLOSURES

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